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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,745	07/07/2003	Sanjiv M. Bhatt	2267.664US02	6177
24113	7590 08/17/2006		EXAMINER	
PATTERSON, THUENTE, SKAAR & CHRISTENSEN, P.A. 4800 IDS CENTER 80 SOUTH 8TH STREET MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-2100			CASTELLANO, STEPHEN J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3727	
			DATE MAILED: 08/17/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/614,745	BHATT, SANJIV M.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Stephen J. Castellano	3727				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Jul	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 June 2006.					
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3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the meri						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-3 and 5-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	-	d in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	` ''	4				
See the attached detailed Office action for a list t	or the certified copies not receive	u.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te : atent Application (PTO-152)				
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Claims 4 and 9-38 have been canceled. Claims 1-3 and 5-8 remain for treatment according to their merits.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3 and 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hosoi in view of Gregerson et al. (Gregerson).

Hosoi discloses a sealable wafer carrier comprising an enclosure portion (case 1) and a door (inner FIMS door 6 and outer door 13). The door has a latching mechanism (15, 16, 18-20). The enclosure material is polycarbonate (stated in col. 3, lines 36-39) and the door material is PEEK (specification states that outer door 13 may be PEEK in col. 4, lines 17-20). Hosoi discloses the invention except for the enclosure's kinematic coupling, the door's wafer cushion, door seal and that the door material of polycarbonate predominates. Gregerson teaches a kinematic coupling 40, wafer cushion 92, and a gasket to seal the door to the door frame of the enclosure as taught in the specification at col. 5, line 57 – col. 6, line 6. It would have been obvious to add a kinematic coupling to provide easier handling and transport of the carrier. It would have been obvious to add the wafer cushion to hold the wafers in place to minimize or eliminate damage to wafers and the interior surfaces of the enclosure and door. It would have been obvious to add the gasket to seal the carrier and keep contaminates from entering the carrier and soiling the wafers.

Figures 1, 6 and 7 show the inner door 6, as shown in cross section of Fig. 7 the inner door appears to be of double wall thickness with a space between the layers for the latching

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mechanism. Although the outer door 13 has larger enveloping dimensions, there may be more inner door material than outer door material because of the double thickness of the inner door 6. It would have been obvious through the principles of economics and engineering optimization to increase the thickness of both layers of the inner door for increased strength and increased protection of the latching mechanism while at the same time decreasing the thickness of the outer door made of PEEK to reduce the cost of providing a less readily available and relatively expensive plastic material when compared to polycarbonate. This increase in the thickness of the polycarbonate material and the decrease in the thickness of the PEEK material would result in the polycarbonate material being the substantial or predominate material of the door.

Re claim 5, the door includes both the inner door (FIMS door 6) and the outer door (13). The interior surface of inner door is polycarbonate while the exterior surface of the outer door is PEEK.

Re claims 6-8, Official notice is taken that the molded layer of fire retardant material on the exterior surface of the door as in claim 6, the application of an exterior fire retardant layer by adhesive as in claim 7 and the affixing of an exterior fire retardant layer by mechanical fasteners as in claim 8 are well known. It would have been obvious to add an exterior layer by any of these means to incorporate a fire retardant exterior surface to a door as the method of attachment lacks criticality.

Applicant has challenged the Official notice taken. Avery, Jr. (5069358) discloses a media case with outer outer layer for preventing fire with water bearing material 56 and an inner layer. Kress (2002/0194796) discloses a door with molded layers, inner layer R1, intermediate

layers R2-R6 and outer layer R7. Hauser et al. (2003/0009976) discloses a door with adhesively

attached layers. Rivera et al. (6047925) discloses a door with mechanically fastened layers.

Claims 1, 2 and 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hosoi in view of Gregerson as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of the prior art admission contained in the specification page 11, lines 10-17 and the admission contained in applicant's remarks in the resonse filed June 16, 2006 at page 6, last paragraph, second sentence.

This rejection is applied to claim 1 insofar as it could be argued that the FPI is not within the claimed range.

The Hosoi and Gregerson combination are applied as previously stated. The combination fails to disclose polyether imide (PEI) outer door exterior surface material. The specification states that polyether imide (PEI) is a known plastic acceptable for use in wafer carriers, it also states that PEI is a preferred material having a FPI between 8.1 – 8.6 and ULTEM 1000 made by GE Plastics is a known example of this PEI material. It would have been obvious to substitute PEI for the PEEK outer door material to provide the FPI fire resistance with a commercially and readily available material.

Claims 5-8 are explained as above.

Applicant's arguments filed June 16, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The rejections have been repeated with minor adjustments. The added language pertiaining to the predominance of polycarbonate material in the door has been addressed by a motivational statement stating the obviousness of the predominance of polycarbonate. Applicant traverses the Official notice. The examiner has provided evidence of the obviousness of these statements. Applicant's traversal of the prior art admission is not persuasive since the examiner

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was misquoted as stating "known to be used on the outer surface of a wafer carrier." Applicant should reread the non-final action mailed February 16, 2006.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen J. Castellano whose telephone number is 571-272-4535. The examiner can normally be reached on Tu-F 6:30-5.

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Primary Examiner

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sjc